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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/856,391	01/07/2002	Jamey D. Marth	19452A-000320US	7913

20350 7590 03/22/2005

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EXAMINER

ZARA, JANE J

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1635

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Advisory Action  
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief**

Application No.

09/856,391

Applicant(s)

MARTH ET AL.

Examiner

Jane Zara

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**--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

THE REPLY FILED 17 February 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.

1. ☒ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:

- a) ☒ The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.  
b) ☐ The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.

Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

NOTICE OF APPEAL

2. ☐ The reply was filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing an appeal brief. The Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).

AMENDMENTS

3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because  
(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);  
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);  
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or  
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).

4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).

5. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): \_\_\_\_\_.

6. ☐ Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).

7. ☐ For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) ☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐ will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) allowed: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) objected to: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) rejected: \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_.

AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE

8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

9. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

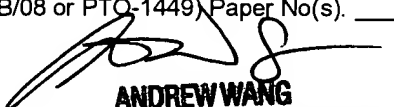
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11. ☒ The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: please see attached.

12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_

13. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

  
**ANDREW WANG**  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

Claims 36-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the production of systemic C2 GlcNAc T<sup>Δ</sup> or conditional C2 GlcNAc T<sup>F</sup> homozygous mice using Cre-lox P recombination, whereby a deficiency of C2 GlcNAc transferase activity and a deficiency of core 2 O-glycan synthesis were observed in isolated null mouse splenocytes, does not reasonably provide enablement for methods of inhibiting inflammatory responses in a mammal, or for methods of modulating binding of a first myeloid cell to a second myeloid cell or to an endothelial cell in an organism comprising the administration of a compound that modulates the synthesis of a core 2 oligosaccharide or the administration of a compound that inhibits the activity of a core 2 GlcNAc transferase in an organism for the same reasons of record as set forth in the Office actions mailed 6-2-04 and 11-19-04.

Applicant's arguments filed 2-17-05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicants argue that a requirement has been made that the same degree of C2 GlcNAcT inhibition be achieved as in null mice. Contrary to Applicant's assertions, no requirement has been made for achieving complete ablation of activity in order for the instant invention to be fully enabled. The specification teaches the correlation between C2 GlcNAc T ablation and a deficiency of core 2 O-glycan synthesis in cells harvested from the null mice, as well as a deficiency in P and E selectin ligand formation. The ability to achieve a desired phenotype in a null mutant is not representative of the ability to achieve this phenotype by administering inhibitors to an organism. For this, there are delivery issues that must be addressed. Adequate inhibition of C2 GlcNAc T has not been demonstrated in the instant disclosure, whereby

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the claimed treatment effects have been provided (e.g. an inhibition of inflammation following administration of an inhibitor of transferase activity). Applicants also argue that no undue experimentation is required to enable the full scope of the claimed invention because high throughput assays specific for identifying inhibitors exist in the art. While these in vitro assays do exist, they are not adequately predictive or correlative of the ability to provide for treatment effects in a subject without further experimentation. Applicants argue that sugar nucleotides (a species of the broader genus of inhibitors claimed) have been used in vivo as antibiotics and antiviral agents. But the use of such inhibitors for antiviral or antibacterial agents does not provide enablement for the treatment effects claimed – for reducing inflammation.

In addition, Applicant refers to Exhibit B in arguing the financial viability of the claimed invention. No Exhibit B has been provided by the Applicant. Furthermore, the potential financial success of a clinical endeavor does not substitute for the experimentation required to determine the actual clinical viability of the claimed invention. Many clinical approaches have failed, despite financial investments for them. For all of these reasons, the rejection for lacking enablement for the broad scope claimed is maintained.